Code: ME5T2

III B.Tech - I Semester – Regular/Supplementary Examinations October 2018

METAL CUTTING AND MACHINE TOOLS (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

11x 2 = 22 M

- 1. a) What is crater wear and flank wear?
 - b) How is tool life affected by variations in the feed rate and depth of cut?
 - c) Write the advantage of multiple start threads compared to single start threads.
 - d) Why lathe beds are made of cast iron?
 - e) Differentiate between shaper and planer.
 - f) How to adjust the length of stroke in shaper?
 - g) Write the advantages of carbide tipped drill.
 - h) Explain lapping operation.
 - i) What is the term grade and grit of a grinding wheel?
 - j) Define the term cutting speed as applied to milling operations.
 - k) List any four accessories of millling machine.

PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks. $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$

- 2. a) Derive an expression to show the relationship between chip thickness ratio, shear angle and rake angle. 8 M
 - b) A high speed steel tool is used for machining a workpiece of mild steel. While machining at a cutting speed of 30m/min, the tool life is found to be 1 hour. What will be the tool life if the same tool is used to cut at a speed of 40 m/min. Assume n=0.12.
- 3. a) Draw a neat diagram of engine lathe. Describe and mark its main parts and controls. 8 M
 - b) Explain the working of turret indexing and stop drum mechanisms used on turret and capstan lathes. 8 M
- 4. a) Explain the working of automatic table feed mechanism of a shaper. 8 M
 - b) Describe the belt drive mechanism used for driving the table of a planer. 8 M
- 5. a) With the help of a neat sketch, show the different angles of a drill and explain them. 8 M

- b) Describe the construction and working of a universal tool and cutter grinder. 8 M
- 6. a) Classify and explain the various types of milling cutters. 8 M
 - b) With the help of a neat sketch, explain the working of a universal dividing head. 8 M